Horizon 2020 -> Horizon Europe

Transition of research policies and requirements through the Responsible Research and Innovation (RRI) agenda

The role of UN SDG framework and UNESCO Recommendation on Science and Scientific Researchers

Dobrivoje Lale Eric Center for the Promotion of Science | Serbia

Horizont Evropa – novi ciklus Delegacija Evropske unije u Republici Srbiji 22. april 2021.



Center for the Promotion of Science (CPN)





- Serbia's public institution
- Founded after the Law on Scientific Research in 2010
- ❖ Part of the strategic development and investment plan in science and research
- ❖ Facilitating dialogue between science and society
- Supporting knowledge based economy and innovation
- Science center
- Center of scientific culture & literacy
- Financial support for citizen science & science promotion projects

CPN's main activities



- ❖ Large scale events May Month of Mathematics (M³), Days of Future: Robotics, CERN in Serbia, art+science
- ❖ Belgrade Book Fair national scientific publications
- Conferences on science communication, STE(A)M education, art & science, climate challenges etc.
- Elements quaterly magazine & sci-comm publications
- Program activities across SEE region Montenegro,
 Macedonia, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Croatia, Albania
- Cooperation within the professional associations at European level (ECSITE, EUSEA, Scientix)
- ❖ Focus on climate & AI challenges
- Participation in EU-funded projects (40 since 2012)



H2020 RRING



- Understanding of the global State of the Art in responsibility in research
- Understanding how responsibility may contribute to the achievement of the Agenda 2030 and SDGs
- Understanding and advocating responsibility in research and innovation as not only a moral value, but also as a competitive advantage for excellence in research and innovation
- Bring Responsible Research and Innovation (RRI) into the linked up global world to promote mutual learning and collaboration in RRI















































Why RRI at first place?









Horizon 2020 Societal Challenges



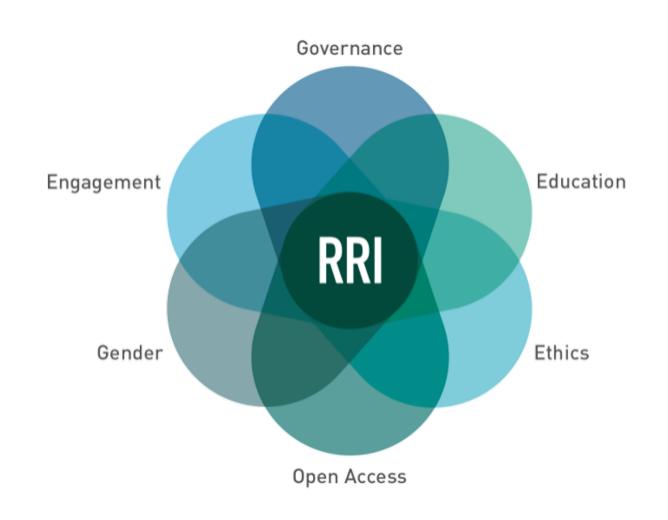






What is RRI?

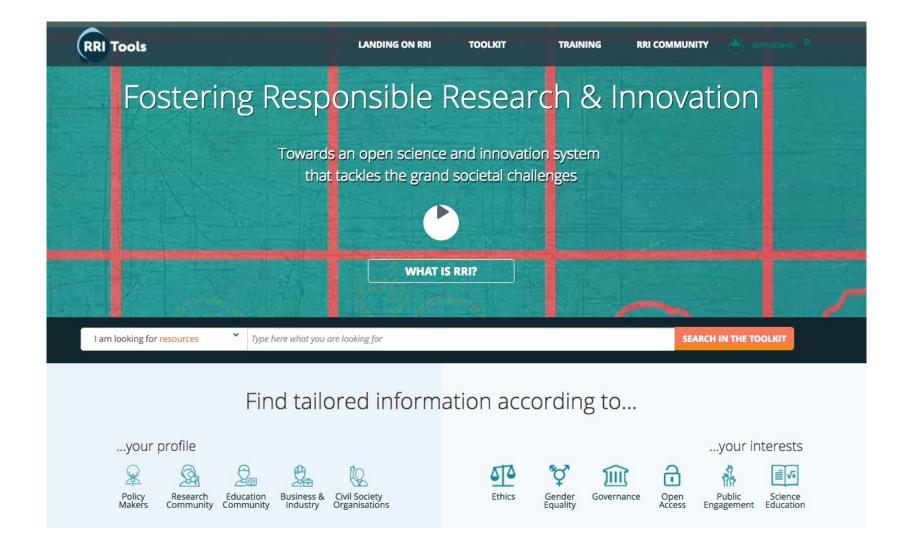




Policy Framework trough Six Pillars

How to understand & implement RRI framework?



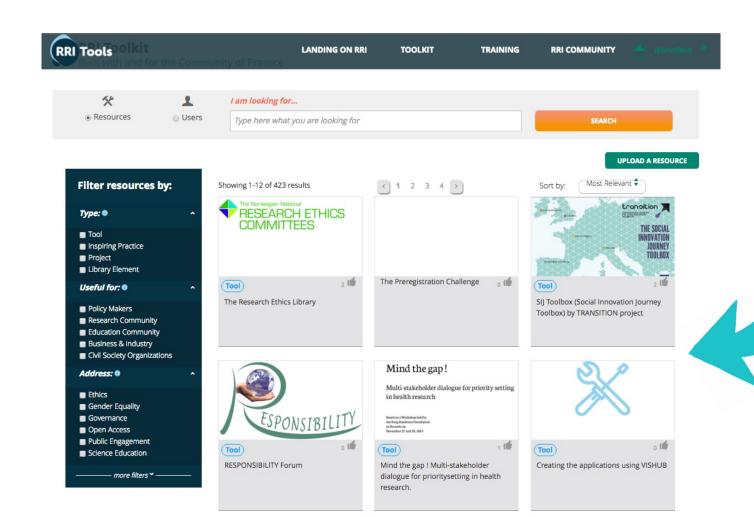


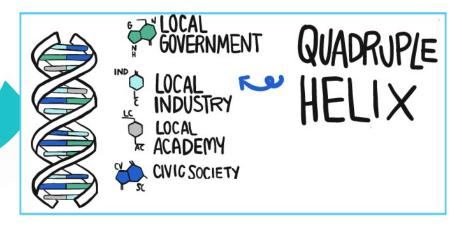


rri-tools.eu

RRI-Toolkit & Self-reflection Tool







RRI as a Science with and for Society Policy





How to assess it?

SCIENCE AND SOCIETY

2002-06: FP6



SCIENCE IN SOCIETY

2007-13: FP7



SCIENCE WITH AND FOR SOCIETY

2014-20: Horizon 2020

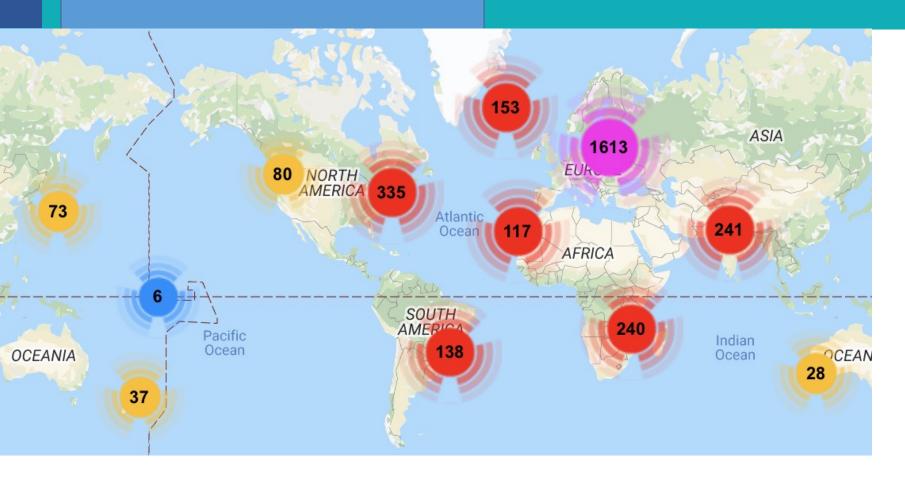


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2021-27: Horizon Europe

Global Survey on RRI and Practices alike



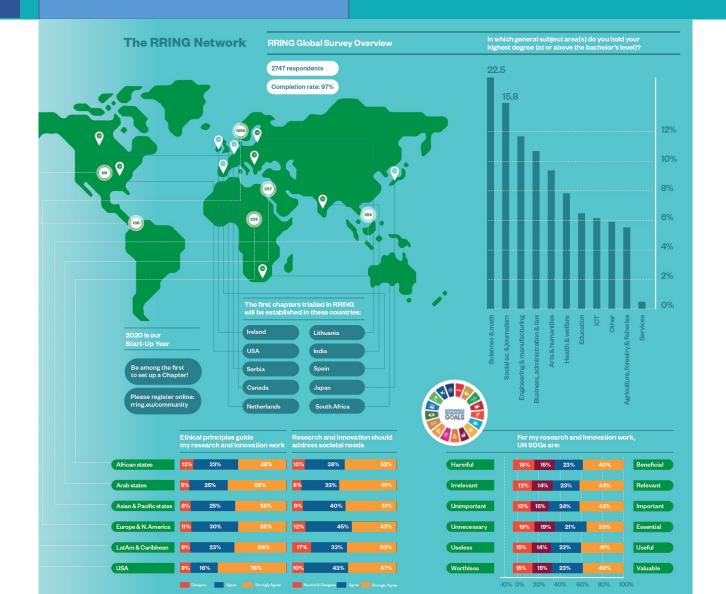


2019 Global Survey of Researchers and Innovators (overview)

- 2198 responses with a completion rate of 70% or more
- 539 responses with a completion rate of less than70%
- 113 interviews conducted across the globe
- Additional data collection for different purposes

Survey Design





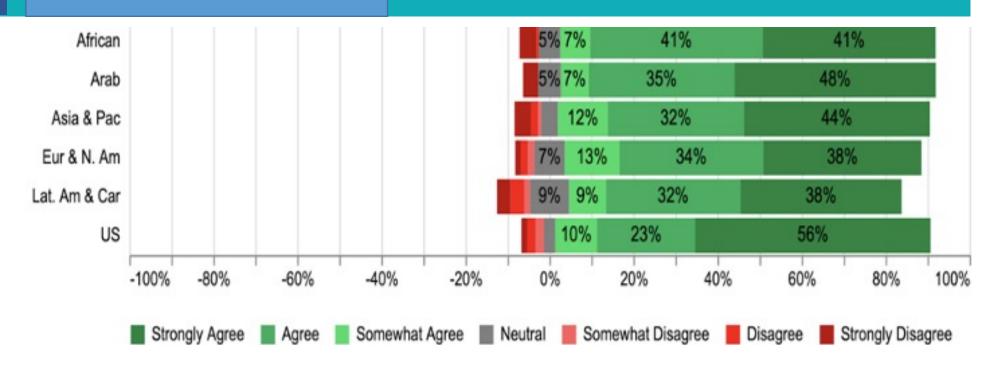
What to measure to understand social responsibility of science?

AIRR Principles

- Diverse & Inclusive
- ❖ Anticipative & Reflective
- Open & Transparent
- * Responsive & Adaptive to Change

Diverse and Inclusive



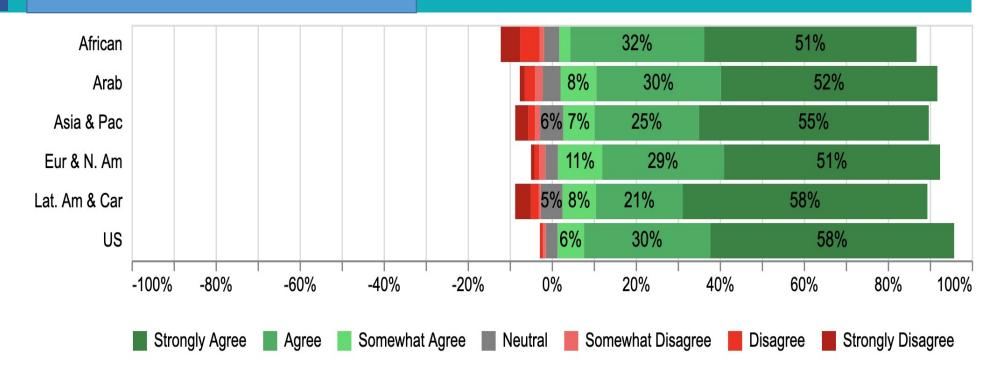


'It is important to involve individuals/organisations with a diverse range of perspectives and expertise when planning my research and innovation work.'

- Mostly similar distribution of agreement
- US leading slightly with 56% strongly agreeing

Open and Transparent



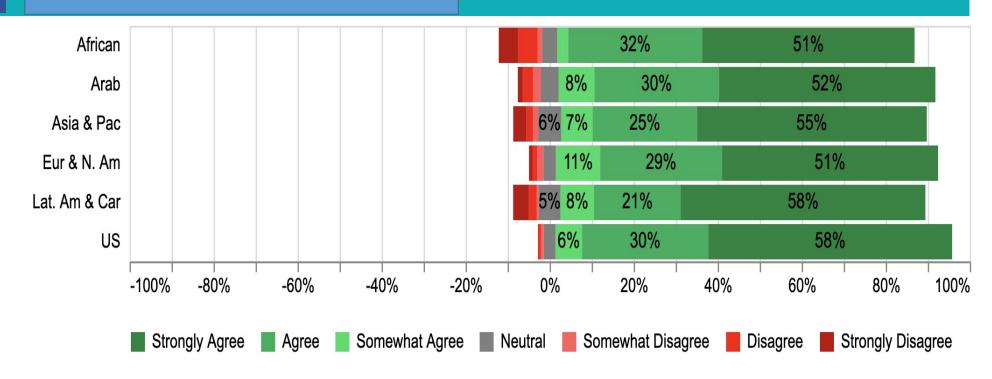


It is important to make the **results of my research and innovations** work accessible to as wide a public as possible.'

- Overall sentiment leaning heavily on agreement
- ❖ Highest combined disagreement to the statement across African regions
- Overall distribution of agreement is similar across regions

Responsive & Adaptive to Societal Needs



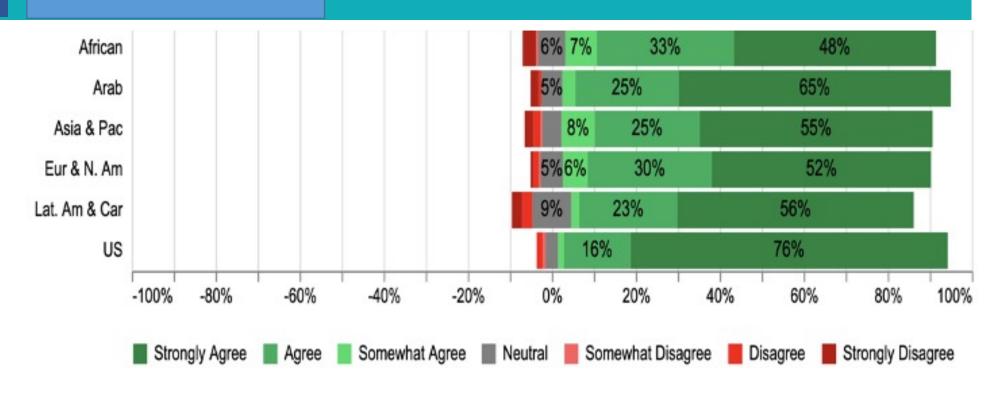


'Research and innovation should address societal needs.'

- Overall sentiment leaning heavily on agreement
- Highest combined disagreement to the statement across Latin American regions
- Arab States leading slightly with 61% strongly agreeing

Ethical Principles



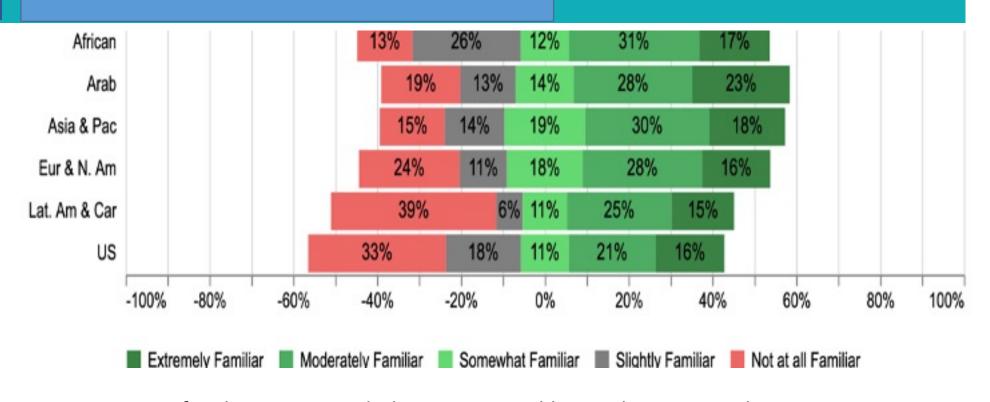


'Ethical principles guide my research and innovation work.'

- Overall sentiment leaning heavily on strong agreement
- US leading with 76% strongly agreeing

Familiarity with SDG framework





How familiar are you with the UN Sustainable Development Goals?

- Overall lowest familiarity with UN SDGs in the US
- Highest familiarity in Arab States
- ❖ 39% of Latin American respondents 'not at all familiar' with the SDGs
- Most respondents from African regions are at least slightly familiar with the SDGs (86%)

UNESCO Recommendation on Science and Scientific Researchers





https://en.unesco.org/themes/ethics-science-and-technology/recommendation_science

The Recommendation was adopted by a consensus of 195 member states in 2017.

10 KEY AREAS:

- The responsibility of science towards the United Nations' ideals of human dignity, progress, justice, peace, welfare of humankind and respect for the environment.
- ❖ The need for science to meaningfully interact with society and vice versa.
- The role of science in national policy and decision making, international cooperation and development.
- Promoting science as a common good.
- Inclusive and non-discriminatory work conditions and access to education and employment in science.
- Any scientific conduct is subject to universal human rights standards.
- Balancing the freedoms, rights and responsibilities of researchers.
- Scientific integrity and ethical codes of conduct for science and research and their technical applications.
- The vital importance of human capital for a sound and responsible science system.
- The role of Member States in creating an enabling environment for science and research.

UNESCO Recommendation: Serbia's Report





- Working Group (WG) created by the Ministry in Dec 2020, with a technical support provided by the CPN team & RRING project
- 13 members from the scientific community Ministry and CPN
- 4 virtual general meetings and numerous bilateral exchanges & discussions, during a period of 3 months
- Report submitted on March 15, 2021





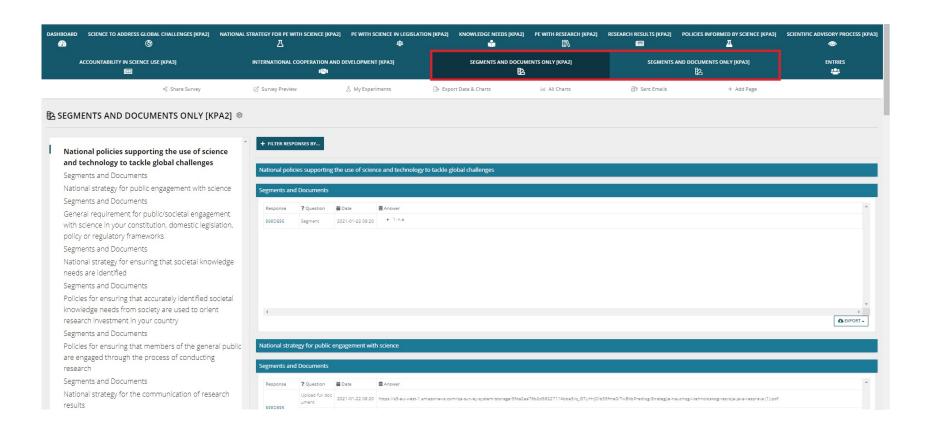






UNESCO Recommendation: Serbia's Report – Key findings





- Well developed scientific environment
- Improvements in legal and financial framework
- Low level of public investment in research
- Important engagement of scientists in critical cases, like the corona pandemic, the construction of hydropower plants in Protected areas etc.
- Lack of wider public support for the research community
- Advancing with sci-comm and citizen science practices

Horizon Europe: Vision



A sustainable, fair and prosperous future for people and planet based on European values.

- Tackling climate change (35 % budgetary target)
- Helping to achieve Sustainable Development Goals
- Boosting the Union's competitiveness and growth
- Overall budget: around 95 billion euros
- No place for RRI (as such), however...



Horizon Europe: R&I missions



Adaptation to climate change, including societal transformation



Healthy oceans, seas, coastal and inland waters





Relating EU's research and innovation better to society and citizens' needs, with strong visibility and impact

Climate-neutral and smart cities





Soil, health and food

Horizon Europe: Structure





European Research Council

Marie Skłodowska-Curie **Actions**

Research Infrastructures



Pillar 2

Global Challenges and **European Industrial** Competitiveness

- Health
- · Culture, Creativity and **Inclusive Society**

- Civil Security for Society
 Digital, Industry and Space
 Climate, Energy and Mobility
 - · Food, Bioeconomy, Natural Resources, Agriculture and Environment

Joint Research Centre



European Innovation Council

European innovation ecosystems

European Institute of Innovation and Technology

Widening Participation and Strengthening the European Research Area

Widening participation and spreading excellence

Reforming and Enhancing the European R&I system

Horizon Europe: Clusters



Clusters in 'Global Challenges and Industrial Competitiveness'

Clusters	Areas of intervention	
Health	 Health throughout the life course Non-communicable and rare diseases Tools, technologies and digital solutions for health and care, including personalised medicine 	 Environmental and social health determinants Infectious diseases, including poverty-related and neglected disease Health care systems
Culture, creativity and inclusive society	Democracy and GovernanceSocial and economic transformations	Culture, cultural heritage and creativity
Civil security for society	Disaster-resilient societiesProtection and Security	Cybersecurity
Digital, Industry and space	 Manufacturing technologies Advanced materials Next generation internet Circular industries Space, including Earth Observation Emerging enabling technologies 	 Key digital technologies, including quantum technologies Artificial Intelligence and robotics Advanced computing and Big Data Low-carbon and clean industry Emerging enabling technologies
Climate, Energy and Mobility	 Climate science and solutions Energy systems and grids Communities and cities Industrial competitiveness in transport Smart mobility 	 Energy supply Buildings and industrial facilities in energy transition Clean, safe and accessible transport and mobility Energy storage
Food, bioeconomy, natural resources, agriculture and environment	Environmental observationAgriculture, forestry and rural areasCircular systemsFood systems	 Biodiversity and natural resources Seas, oceans and inland waters Bio-based innovation systems in the EU Bioeconomy

Horizon Europe: Widening Participation and Strengthening the ERA



Widening Participation and Spreading Excellence

- Teaming & twinning
- ERA Chairs
- COST
- Support to NCPs
- Brain circulation and excellence initiatives
- "Hop-on"
- Common understanding: at least 3.3 % of Horizon Europe budget
- Excellence Initiatives

Reforming and Enhancing European R&I system

- Scientific Evidence & Foresight
- Open Science
- Policy Support Facility
- Attractive researcher careers
- Citizen science, Responsible Research & Innovation
- Gender equality

Optimising Strengths & Potential for a more Innovative Europe

Horizon Europe: Open Science



Art. 10 - Open Science The approach

- Open access to scientific publications to be ensured
- Open access to research data to be ensured in line with principle 'as open as possible, as closed as necessary'
- Responsible research data management to be ensured in line with FAIR principles
- Other open science practices to be promoted and encouraged
- Reciprocity in open science to promoted and encouraged in all association and cooperation agreements with third countries
- Introduction of new mechanisms for monitoring and indicators

Horizon Europe: Exploitation and Dissemination



Art. 35 - Exploitation and Dissemination The modalities

- Open access to scientific publications obligatory: sufficient IPR to be retained
- Open access to research data, 'as open as possible, as closed as necessary'
- Responsible research data management in line with FAIR principles
- Data Management Plan mandatory
- possible obligations (in specific WPs) to use the European Open Science Cloud (EOSC) for storing and providing access to data
- Possible additional incentives or obligations through work programmes for other open science practices

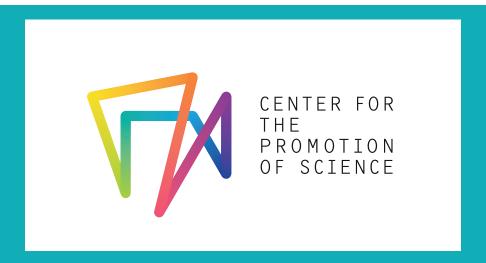
Better dissemination and exploitation of R&I results and support to active engagement of society

Horizon Europe: Other Requirements



Art. 35 - Exploitation and Dissemination The modalities

- Pathway to impact / Key Impact Pathways (KIP)
- Gender Equality Plan (from 2022)
- Data Management Plan (in accordance with the GDPR)
- Ethical (self-)assessment
- Security aspects
- Do no significant harm principle



Thank you for your attention!

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